

Emergency Action Plan

An Emergency Action Plan (EAP) is a plan designed by coaches to assist them in responding to emergency situations. The idea behind having such a plan prepared in advance is that it will help you respond in a responsible and clear-headed way if an emergency occurs.

An EAP should be prepared for the facility or site where you normally hold practices and for any facility or site where you regularly host competitions. For away competitions, ask the host team or host facility for a copy of their EAP.

An EAP can be simple or elaborate and should cover the following items:

- 1. Designate in advance who is in charge in the event of an emergency (this may very well be you).
- 2. Have a cell phone with you and make sure the battery is fully charged. If this is not possible, find out exactly where a telephone that you can use is located.
- 3. Have emergency telephone numbers with you (facility manager, fire, police, ambulance) as well as contact numbers (parents/guardians, next of kin, family doctor) for the participants.
- 4. Have on hand a medical profile for each participant, so that this information can be provided to emergency medical personnel. Include in this profile a signed consent from the parent/guardian to authorize medical treatment in an emergency.
- 5. Prepare directions to provide Emergency Medical Services (EMS) to enable them to reach the site as rapidly as possible. You may want to include information such as the closest major intersection, one-way streets, or major landmarks.
- 6. Have a first aid kit accessible and properly stocked at all times
- 7. Designate in advance a "call person" (the person who contact medical authorities and otherwise assists the person in charge). Be sure that your call person can give emergency vehicles precise instructions to reach your facility or site.

When an injury occurs, an EAP should be activated immediately if the injured person:

- is not breathing
- does not have a pulse
- is bleeding profusely
- has impaired consciousness
- has injured the back, neck or head
- has a visible major trauma to a limb



Roles and Responsibilities

Charge person

- Clear the risk of further harm to the injured person by securing the area and shelter the injured person from the elements
- Designate who is in charge of the other participants
- Protect yourself (wear gloves if he/she is in contact with body fluids such as blood)
- Assess ABCs (checks that airway is clear, breathing is present, a pulse is present, and there is no major bleeding)
- Wait by the injured person until EMS arrives and the injured person is transported
- Fill in an accident report form

Call person

- Call for emergency help
- Provide all necessary information to dispatch (e.g. facility location, nature of injury, what, if any, first aid has been done)
- Clear any traffic from the entrance/access road before ambulance arrives
- Wait by the driveway entrance to the facility to direct the ambulance when it arrives
- Call the emergency contact person listed on the injured person's medical profile